Mawer Global Small Cap Fund, Series A

Q2 2023 | Performance Commentary

Market Overview

Global equity markets delivered positive—albeit tame—returns buoyed by stocks in the U.S. and Asia, which kept the MSCI ACWI Small Cap return afloat, while equities in Europe and Japan slightly leaned the other way as returns were negatively impacted by their local currencies weakening against the Canadian dollar. Most notably, the yen weakened against other major trading partners as Japan remains one of the few regions with dovish interest rate policy and yield curve control policy to anchor government bond yields, while interest rates moved higher in most other countries. Finally, China's much talked about re–opening has been more fizzle than sizzle, affecting the performance of the emerging market complex.

Providing a modicum of relief for central banks globally, inflation continued to decelerate in the quarter, though core inflation which strips out more volatile food and energy prices remained stubbornly sticky. Despite the deceleration in price growth overall, many central banks including the Bank of England, Bank of Canada, European Central Bank, and Reserve Bank of Australia raised rates at their most recent meetings, and while the Federal Reserve paused in June, Chairman Powell continued to jawbone markets into expecting several more hikes before 2023 is through.

After a brief steepening in Canadian and U.S. yield curves in April following the U.S. regional banking crisis, yield curves reversed course and resumed inverting to end the quarter. What the markets appear to be signaling is that with every rate increase by central banks, the risk of a policy error grows. Despite this tug-of-war between central banks and market participants, it's hard to imagine central bank resolve to tame inflation abating until after there are clear and sustained economic indicators that the fight has been won.

Market dynamics remain mixed if not somewhat confused as corporate profits remain broadly resilient and consensus expectations are generally positive, while a potential recession remains one of the most widely anticipated on record.

Performance Commentary

The portfolio modestly underperformed its benchmark this quarter.

The notion of a variant perception resides inherently in our investment process; we focus on what the market may be missing or weighing differently than us with respect to a company's fundamentals. We believe fundamentals should drive long-term performance as market prices follow wealth creation over time.

We initiated on a number of companies in which we believe we have the aforementioned variant perception—notably, manufacturers of generic pharmaceuticals **Dermapharm** and **Hikma**—were amongst top performers this quarter. A portion of Dermapharm's business is related to COVID vaccines, which faced headwinds as sales volumes declined, something the market seemed to focus on while overlooking its core wealth-creating segment (i.e., branded pharmaceutical products). Now, this overhang is clearing up as recent results suggest the company is successfully growing revenue in its core segment; and the market is finally noticing and correspondingly rewarding the stock price. Similarly, we believe the market focused too much on margin pressure faced by Hikma's oral generics segment due to heightened competition. This dynamic is now turning around as an improving pricing environment led Hikma to increase its guidance for the year ahead. Brazilian professional service firm **GPS** reported strong earnings growth, bolstered by its scale and technology platform, making it the top performing holding of the portfolio this quarter following our initial investment earlier this year. Finally, value-added reseller **SoftwareOne**, a company we initiated a position in last quarter, received a preliminary bid from a private equity firm to take the company private at a valuation significantly higher than its market price at the time of offer.



Q2 2023 | Performance Commentary

Partially offsetting these positives, market research firm **Ipsos** and Nordics car dealer **Bilia** faced headwinds as they reported slightly lower spending from their end consumers in their respective markets. Similarly, IT consultant **Knowit's** management highlighted that some clients are delaying their projects. We believe these headwinds are temporary in nature. We also will note that all three holdings also have what we believe to be engaged owners; a term we use to encapsulate the management team's technical alignment (i.e., skin in the game) along with their rationality, business acumen, long-term commitment to the company, and integrity. This is a component we have been emphasizing more over the last few years in our process, as we believe companies with engaged owners tend to focus more on the long-term, stick around during challenging periods, and are relatively more aware of risks inherent in the business.

Looking Ahead

The combination of historically inverted yield curves, strong year-to-date gains in equity prices, benign credit spreads, and well-anchored longer-term breakeven inflation expectations are all consistent with the consensus outlook for a soft landing; put differently, that central banks will be successful in their fight against inflation without causing too much harm to the economy. The widely anticipated recession, should it ever arrive, is expected to be mild.

The risks lie on both sides of this consensus: either that the impact of recent monetary policy impairs demand more substantially than expected (a hard landing), or that inflation persists longer than projected, emboldening policymakers to hike even further than currently expected. Both would likely be negative for equities.

Yield curve inversion has historically been a reliable predictor of recessions, and the transmission mechanism is worth understanding. Inversions tend to hurt the balance sheets and business models of banks, who borrow short to lend long. Higher short-term borrowing costs result in lower bank profitability, and the banks typically adjust by cutting back on lending which has a ripple effect across the economy. We've seen some indications of these ripples—such as the notable regional bank failures in the U.S.—but they haven't materialized to the extent one might have anticipated given the degree of curve inversion. It's possible that any reduction in liquidity from the banks is being offset by other sources, e.g., excess consumer pandemic savings, private credit markets, and government fiscal policy. Nevertheless, it would be very unusual by historical standards to have the degree of yield curve inversion seen in many major economies today without an associated recession.

To prepare against the risks, we've leaned into our bottom-up approach. The end of the zero interest rates cycle should bode well for our approach as companies that make good use of their capital (one of our key investment criteria) should be rewarded. In terms of business model, our investment philosophy naturally leads us to companies with more stable demand given the criticality of the products and services they provide to their customers. Further, we always have an eye on our companies' balance sheets as lower levels of debt provides resilience in times of crisis. Our forensic accounting checklist is designed to ensure that we avoid getting caught up in narrative, and instead methodically comb through financial statements for clues with respect to changes in business or management quality. In the current environment, and especially as COVID-19 supply shocks have encouraged many companies to build up their inventories, companies with excess inventory levels may face gross margin pressures in the coming quarters should demand abate from its current trend. As such, in addition to continuing to understand how companies are coping with inflation, we're looking closely at cash conversion and days of inventory, especially when coupled with valuation levels that, year-to-date, have outpaced earnings.

Q2 2023 | Performance Commentary

Yes, "boring" work. But ultimately, we aim to employ an approach that should prepare the portfolio to be resilient for the multitude of scenarios that may play out going forward.

Performance Summary¹ (%) As of June 30, 2023:

	YTD	3 Mo.	1 Yr.	3 Yrs.	5 Yrs.	10 Yrs.	Since Inception ²
FUND	6.0	1.0	12.9	2.5	4.1	11.1	10.2
BENCHMARK	5.5	1.3	15.9	9.8	4.7	9.8	6.8

Calendar Year, as of December 31:

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
FUND	(17.7)	4.8	14.8	24.4	(2.6)	20.8	(0.7)	29.1	12.1	47.0
BENCHMARK	(12.8)	15.1	14.3	18.4	(6.7)	15.7	8.3	18.3	9.1	33.7

¹Performance figures are net of management fees and operating expenses. Periods greater than one year are annualized. Performance figures are in Canadian dollar terms.

Selections from Mawer's Art of Boring Blog and Podcast:

The Case for Non-Predictive Decision Making

How do investors figure out what a company is worth? (Especially in a higher inflationary and interest rate environment?)

Rising Debt and its Potential Consequences: Canada's New Normal?

We need to understand where we are in the debt super cycle to inform our investment decision making.

Artificial Intelligence: The Return of The Centaurs

Recent Al breakthroughs are underscoring the power of the centaur model—humans + machines—creating something more potent than either model operating independently.

Disclaimer

Opinions and Forecasts:

This report includes certain statements that are "forward looking information" or "forward looking statements" (collectively, "forward looking information") within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included in this report that address activities, events or developments that the portfolio advisor, Mawer Investment Management Ltd., expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future, including such things as anticipated financial performance, beliefs, plans, goals, objectives, assumptions, information and statements about possible future events, conditions, results of operations, are forward looking information. The words "may", "could", "would", "should", "believe", "plan", "anticipate", "expect", "intend", "forecast", "objective", "will" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward looking information. Undue reliance should not be placed on forward looking information. Forward looking information is subject to various risks described in the Simplified Prospectus, uncertainties, and

²Mawer Global Small Cap Fund Series A Inception: October 2, 2007

Q2 2023 | Performance Commentary

assumptions about the Fund, capital markets and economic factors, which could cause actual results to vary and in some instances to differ materially from those anticipated by the portfolio advisor and expressed in this report. Material risk factors include, but are not limited to, general economic, political and market factors in North America and internationally, interest and foreign exchange rates, global equity and capital markets, business competition, technological change, changes in government regulations, unexpected judicial or regulatory proceedings, and catastrophic events. The foregoing list of risk factors is not exhaustive.

All opinions contained in forward looking information are subject to change without notice and are provided in good faith and are based on the estimates and opinions of the portfolio advisor at the time the information is presented. The portfolio advisor has no specific intention of updating any forward looking information whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by securities legislation. Certain information about specific holdings in the Fund, including any opinion, is based upon various sources believed to be reliable, but cannot be guaranteed to be current, accurate or complete and is subject to change without notice.

Benchmarks:

FUND	BENCHMARK
Mawar Global Small Can Fund	Oct 2007: Russell Global Small Cap
Mawer Global Small Cap Fund	Oct 2016: MSCI ACWI Small Cap (net) Total Return index

The MSCI information may only be used for your internal use, may not be reproduced or redisseminated in any form and may not be used as a basis for or a component of any financial instruments or products or indices. None of the MSCI information is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. Historical data and analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of any future performance analysis, forecast or prediction. The MSCI information is provided on an "as is" basis and the user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of this information. MSCI, each of its affiliates and each other person involved in or related to compiling, computing or creating any MSCI information (collectively, the "MSCI Parties") expressly disclaims all warranties (including, without limitation, any warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, timeliness, non-infringement, merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose) with respect to this information. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall any MSCI Party have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, punitive, consequential (including, without limitation, lost profits) or any other damages. (www.msci.com)

Performance Disclosure and Requirements:

Commissions, trailing commissions, management fees and expenses all may be associated with mutual fund investments. Please read the fund facts and the prospectus before investing. The indicated rates of return are the historical annual compounded total returns including changes in unit value and reinvestment of all distributions and do not take into account sales, redemption, distribution or optional charges or income taxes payable by any securityholder that would have reduced returns. Mutual funds are not guaranteed, their values change frequently and past performance may not be repeated. Mawer Funds are managed by Mawer Investment Management Ltd.

The Funds mentioned in this document are not registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and they are sold in the United States only in reliance on exemptions from registration.

Q2 2023 | Performance Commentary

